Chapter 1: Perspectives on Sexuality

I. Defining Human Sexuality
   A. Importance of Sexual Education = Sexual Intelligence
   B. Take Sexual Quiz (how much do you know)
      http://www.usu.edu/openshaw/3110/3110ppt/inventory/sld002.htm

II. Cross-Cultural Perspectives (on own)

III. Our Cultural Legacy: Sex for Procreation and Rigid Gender Roles (on own)

IV. Sexuality in the Western World: A Historical Perspective (on own)

V. The Media and Sexuality (on own)

VI. Sexuality: Where the Personal is Political (on own)

Go to the companion website (http://www.thomsonedu.com/psychology/crooks) to test yourself using flashcards, multiple choice and true/false questions.

Chapter 2: Sex Research: Methods and Problems

I. Sexology (definition and goals)

II. The Scientific Method
   A. Nonexperimental Research Methods (Descriptive Methods)
   B. Experimental Methods
   C. Advantages and Disadvantages
   D. Technologies in Sex Research

Chapter 4: Female Sexual Anatomy and Physiology

I. Female Sexual Anatomy
   A. The Vulva (external) and Internal Structures (see class activity and handout #1)
   B. The Menstrual Cycle (menstruation, attitudes about, menarche)
      1. Regulation of Hormones and Menstrual Phases
      2. Menstrual Cycle Problems (PMS, Dysmenorrhea, Amenorrhea)
      3. Menopause
   C. Gynecological Health Concerns
      1. Urinary Tract and Vaginal Infections
      2. The Pap Smear
      3. Reproductive Cancers and Risks

Chapter 5: Male Sexual Anatomy and Physiology

I. Male Sexual Anatomy (see class activity and handout #1)
   A. Male Sexual Functions (erection and ejaculation)
   B. Concerns About Sexual Functioning (penis size, erectile dysfunction, circumcision)
   C. Male Health Concerns
      1. Penile Cancer
      2. Testicular Cancer
      3. Diseases of the Prostate (prostatitis, benign prostatic hyperplasia, prostate cancer)

Test your knowledge of female and male anatomy at the companion site (see above)
Chapter 6: SEXUAL AROUSAL AND RESPONSE

I. The Role of Hormones in Sexual Behavior (definitions of types of hormones)
   A. Sex Hormones in Male Sexual Behavior
   B. Sex Hormones in Female Sexual Behavior
   C. Testosterone and Sexual Functioning
   D. Oxytocin in Male and Female Sexual Behavior

II. The Brain and Sexual Arousal
   A. The Cerebral Cortex
   B. The Hypothalamus
   C. Neurotransmitters

III. The Senses and Sexual Arousal

IV. Aphrodisiacs and Anaphrodisiacs

V. Sexual Response
   A. Measuring Sexual Response
   B. Men’s Sexual Response Cycle
      1. EPOR Model & Kaplan’s Model
      2. Phases of Sexual Response
   C. Women’s Sexual Response Cycle
      1. EPOR Model & Kaplan’s Model
      2. Phases of Sexual Response
   D. Controversies about Orgasm
      1. Are All Women Capable
      2. Types of Orgasm in Women
      3. Do Women Ejaculate
      4. Can Men Have Multiple Orgasms

Test your knowledge of sexual arousal and sexual response at the companion site (see above)